

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL 20. NO 1.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets,
Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.

TERMS:
Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars
Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three
Dollars at the end of the Year.
No paper classified until all arrearages are paid
up, by the editor or publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square
Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that
rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by
the year.

JOB PRINTING.

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and
on the most reasonable terms.

General Insurance Agency,

FOR WAYNE, I.O.

Etna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital \$500,000.

MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—Capital \$100,000.

STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.

Ogdensburg, N.Y.—Capital \$100,000.

The above companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851.

y17.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

JOHN J. GLENN,
Attorney-at-Law,

FORT WAYNE, Ind.,
Office on Calhoun street, over J. C. Evans's
Store.

y13.

WM. H. COOMBS WM. H. JONES

COOMBS & JONES

Attorneys-at-Law

FORT WAYNE Ind.,
trust to them in any of the Courts of the
State. June 1, 1859.

49

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at
Law.

Office—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under
the Sentinel Office.

W. M. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor
at Law.

Office—Corner of Calhoun street, one door south of P.
Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor
at Law, and Master in Chancery.

Orifice—Clinton street, two doors south of H.
Clerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and
Counselor at Law, will attend to the Collection,
Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment
of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination
titles in any part of Indiana.

Orifice—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under
the Sentinel Office.

THOMAS MEEGAN
NOTARY PUBLIC,

Can be seen at the Auditor's Office.

Fort Wayne, Ind.

PARTICULAR attention given to the sale and
purchase of Real Estate, and to the execution
of Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, &c., and all official
documents.

47

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. CHARLES E. STURGIS,

Has resumed the practice of Medicine at
Office over Nill's Drug Store. Entrance on Main Street,
Dwelling on Bay street, opposite the Union House.
Feb. 11, 1859.

y33

Dr. W. D. STEWART

Will respectfully announce to the citizens of
Wayne and vicinity that he has returned to
and permanently located in Fort Wayne, where
he will practice the art of Medicine and Surgery.
Residence north side of Berry street, two doors
west of the 2d Presbyterian Church. Office on Clinton
street, immediately over the Post Office.

May 2d, 1857.

44

HOPEOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tender-
s his professional services to the citizens of
Fort Wayne and vicinity, as a Hopeopathic
Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. D. L. Knapp, on Calhoun street, in building north of
Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally
engaged.

1. KNAAPP, M. D.,
Surgeon-Dentist,

Office—Bank Branch Buildings,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

D. R. KNAPP has facilities for
promptly fitting teeth in
full or partial sets. His new style
of dental work is especially adapted to
those who are not accustomed to
teeth filled in strength and beauty of
finish. Teeth filled with care and fidelity.

All work warranted.

Acknowledgements are due to friends in the
Medical Profession for favorable notices, to which
the reader is referred below:

I have lately examined teeth (or rather mere
sheaths of teeth) successfully filled by Dr. Knapp, which
has been condemned by Dentists of large experience
more than three years.

CHAS. E. STURGISS M. D.

We have had opportunities of examining a large
number of full and partial sets of teeth, may I
say, in every city, the saw dust and slabs supply
most of them now and rare. A superior as-
sortment of dentures of every shade of color,
most varieties are white and pink, perfect
flowers, and highly fragrant. Phials of all shades
a plant that perfectly hardy, and without attention
will furnish every season a great display of flowers.

For arrangements for carrying on the NURSERY BUSINESS

on the grounds of L. D. Nelson, at Elm
Park, and will be prepared in the Spring of 1859 to
fill all orders that may be intrusted to us.

S. A. FREEMAN, M. D.
JOHN H. NELSON, M. D.

Having availed ourselves of Dr. Knapp's Profes-
sional services, and seen much of his work, e-
specially concur in the above statements.

C. SCHMITZ, M. D.

H. H. HARRIS, M. D.

B. S. WOODWORTH, M. D.

J. BRICKER, M. D.

W. H. D. STEWART, M. D.

J. C. ROWAN, M. D.

L. B. MEINHERRMAN, M. D.

F. M. LEONARD, M. D.

Having employed Dr. Knapp in my family, and
being satisfied with his practice in other families,
I am pleased to recommend him to all who
may require dental operations.

R. F. AYRES, M. D.

Fort Wayne, June 15th, 1858.

45

DENTISTRY.

DRS. MAWSON & HALLIWELL.

Surgeon Dentists,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Having employed Dr. Knapp in my family, and
being satisfied with his practice in other families,
I am pleased to recommend him to all who
may require dental operations.

R. F. AYRES, M. D.

Fort Wayne, June 15th, 1858.

45

FLORAL NOTICE.

The undersigned will offer for sale this Spring,
as soon as the weather is suitable for planting
(which is usually from the 1st to the 12th of May), a
series of

GREEN HOUSE PLANTS,

Verbenas, Dahlias, Phloxes, Peonies, &c., &c.

We have over fifty varieties of Verbenas,

most of them new and rare. A superior as-
sortment of Dahlias of every shade of color,

most varieties are white and pink, perfect
flowers, and highly fragrant. Phials of all shades

a plant that perfectly hardy, and without attention

will furnish every season a great display of flowers.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for Castings and Brass.

F. Wayne, October 20, 1853.

16

THE FLORAL NOTICE.

The undersigned will offer for sale this Spring,
(which is usually from the 1st to the 12th of May), a
series of

BEAUTIFUL ILLUSTRATIONS

from the pencil of the most celebrated American
artists

FELIX O. C. DARLEY,

whose drawings have made

The N. Y. MERCURY

such a favorite with all who appreciate true artistic
talent.

The clear and vivid style of Dr. J. H.
Robinson's descriptive writing is such that the artist
will remember with pleasure the character of

"NICK WHIFFLES"

in a story of that name, recently published, and will
be glad to learn that the same personage will be in

WILD LIFE AND ACTION

crowded with stirring incident and

PERILOUS ADVENTURE,

and through the whole story runs an underplot which
involves a peculiarly favorable field for the location and
working out of a romantic and the characters that
will make it a success.

The Mail Express leaving Fort Wayne at 6 A.M.

Expresses 2 45 A.M.

Freight 2 15 A.M.

Mail 5 45 A.M.

Express 11 55 A.M.

Freight 4 15 A.M.

Mail 5 45 A.M.

Passengers leave Fort Wayne at 1 P.M.

Trains make close connections with trains for Philadel-
phia, Baltimore, New York, Boston, &c.

Also at FORT WAYNE with Trains on the Wabash &
Central Illinois, and St. Louis.

Also at FORT WAYNE with Trains on the M. R. & L. E.

Express 8 45 P.M.

Mail 5 25 A.M.

Freight 4 30 P.M.

FT. WAYNE, 2 30 A.M.

1 45 P.M.

10 P.M.

11 P.M.

12 P.M.

1 15 P.M.

2 P.M.

3 P.M.

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5 P.M.

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7 P.M.

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12 P.M.

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3 P.M.

4 P.M.

5 P.M.

6 P.M.

7 P.M.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1859.

For Sale, a Certificate of Scholarship in
Dwight's Mercantile Institute. Enquire at
this office. —138

For Sale, a Certificate of Scholarship in
Dwight's Mercantile Institute. Enquire at
this office. —138

The Foreign News this week is highly interesting, as showing that the Austrians have been thoroughly defeated, and all but driven out of Italy. They are retreating in all directions, and concentrating their forces within the line of several strong fortresses they still hold near the frontier. A great battle is momentarily expected, when if the Austrians be again defeated, and driven from their last stronghold, Italy will be free, and we hope never again curbed by the presence of a single Austrian regiment.

In England a change in the ministry has been effected which will have an important bearing on the affairs of the continent. The Derby Administration had a strong leaning towards Austria, and with true-tory instinct were desirous of upholding the divine rights of Kings, and the balance of power. The popular feeling in England has driven them from office, and will make an entire change in the foreign policy of the government. The Derby Administration had a strong leaning towards Austria, and with true-tory instinct were desirous of upholding the divine rights of Kings, and the balance of power. The popular feeling in England has driven them from office, and will make an entire change in the foreign policy of the government. The Derby Adminis-

tration had a strong leaning towards Austria,

The Penitentiary Question remains at a dead lock. The commissioners are firm in their integrity, and refuse to be coerced to the surrender of their legitimate duties, by obeying the arbitrary assumption of power on the part of Gov. Willard. The latter has not yet ventured to stand in his official veto, and probably begins to discover that he has made a slight mistake, and that the Governor of Indiana is not vested with quite as unlimited powers as the Czar of all the Russias or the King of Austria. He had better back down gracefully and surrender the point, or he will be in a fair way of digging his political grave, and that so deep that he will be beyond reach of resurrection.

The State Sentinel urges that as there seems to be a difficulty in determining in a northern location, it would be advisable to settle down in Indianapolis as the spot. Of course, we have expected this from the first, and only astonished that the claim has not been put in before. The state has done so much toward building up that interesting city, that its modest citizens think they have a claim—several rights—to every dollar of public money expended. They have got every thing else, and therefore ought to have the penitentiary. We do not exactly agree with them, but are willing to compromise. We propose that the penitentiary shall be here, and that a certain number of the state's schools be reserved for citizens of the capital—many of whom doubtless are already deserving the honor.

To locate the Penitentiary at Indianapolis would be a gross violation of the spirit and intent of the law. The design was to place it in the northern part of the state, as those already is one in the southern. The plan of placing it at Indianapolis, the centre of the state, on the shallow prairie that is so liable to overflow, that city is north of the Natural Road, is a cold specimen of impudence and cold-blooded assurance worthy the place from which it emanates.

We have received a copy of a large bill, printed in Canada, relative to the District Agricultural Fair to be held at Kendallville on the 5th, 6th, & 7th, October next; also the Premium List, with a modest request that we publish it gratis. We do not know how this matter is looked upon by the officers of the fair, but it appears to us, that as they have thought proper to go out of the district and send their money to Cleveland, we have no right to publish it. It would be a great service to the industry of the country, if the fair were held in the west, and it will be kept in such a manner as to make it an agreeable and favorite resort for the ladies and gentlemen of our city. Remember, it will be opened to-night.

The Financial Digs and Muds—Captains Ward of Detroit, has established a line of steamboats from Toledo to Sandusky, Cleveland, and Buffalo, leaving Toledo every morning, on the arrival of the Wabash Valley trains, and arriving at Buffalo next morning in time for the early morning trains. The fare is about one-half of what is charged on the railroads. An effort has been made by the railroads to break up this line. Two of the splendid Michigan Southern boats have been put in competition, leaving Cleveland at the same time as Ward's boats, and racing the fire. But he is not the man to be trifled with, and has made a corresponding retaliation. The public sustain his enterprise, and his boats are well filled with passengers while his opponents do not get half enough to pay expenses.

This is a most delightful route, besides being the cheapest. Nothing can be more refreshing and invigorating to the languid and weary road passenger, than to change the hot and dusty cars for the roomy and pleasant steamer, and breathe the fresh and pure lake breezes, having at the same time room to stretch his cramped limbs, exercise mind and limb to eat them, and a good night's sleep in the roomy berths of the boat. We should think that every passenger for the east, would take the steamer, and enjoy the lake trip, and be refreshed and strengthened to complete his journey.

We refer the travelling community to the advertisement of Ward's Opposition Line, in another column.

The Kansas Election.—Although the return of the late election of delegates to a constitutional convention in Kansas to be held at Wyandotte in the early part of next month are not sufficiently full to enable us to determine whether the democrats or the black republicans have a majority in the convention, enough has been ascertained to prove conclusively that black republicanism has virtually sustained a crushing defeat, and that in some of its former strongholds it has been completely dislodged and routed. It is certain that Messrs. Parrot, Ewing, and other prominent black republicans who had acquired an enviable notoriety by their continual adherence to the traitorous behavior of Sharpe's rifle abolitionists, have been ignominiously defeated in their own districts, and that, if the democrats have not elected a majority of the delegates, their opponents' majority will be very trifling.

We believe that outside of the republican party, whose interest it was to foment discord and rebellion in Kansas, and who strove so long, and with such lamentable success, to overthrow popular government in that Territory in order to promote their own selfish and lawless ends—every intelligent, patriotic, peace-loving citizen in the entire Union will rejoice that the citizens of Kansas have thus triumphantly es-

serted their power to manage their own affairs in a lawful and constitutional manner, and that they have thus indignantly rebuked and defeated those political knaves to whose sinister counsels their past troubles are solely attributable. Passion and prejudice may prevail for a time, but truth and justice will triumph in the end.

Fourth of July.—The 83d Anniversary of our National Independence will be celebrated here on Monday next, with considerable spirit by the Odd Fellows. A large number of invited brethren with their families are expected, and the citizens are cordially invited to participate. The procession will be formed at 10 o'clock, and march through the principal streets to the Fair Ground, where the exercises will be held. The Alert Hook & Ladder Co. and Wide Awakes Fire Co. in uniform and equipped as military, will take part in the procession. The exercises will consist of music by Off's Band, Prayer by Rev. Mr. Colclough, Reading Declaration of Independence by Dr. Brooks, Oration by Newton Booth, Esq., of Terre Haute, Odes by the Odd Fellows, and Prayer by Rev. Mr. Battin.

A sumptuous dinner will be served on the ground, got up in a superior style by one who

Professor Strub's Brass and Martial Bands are engaged for the occasion.

It is expected this celebration will exceed anything of the kind ever witnessed in Fort Wayne. The Mayor, City Council, and Citizens generally are invited to be present.

Resolved, That, in presenting with our corps of teachers, we regret the necessity that impels us to the separation.

Resolved, That, for the able and faithful man

in which they have discharged the duties of our public instructors, we hereby tender them the thanks of this Board, and of this community.

Resolved, That we recommend to the community in which their lots may be cast, as public instructors who have been tried and found capable and faithful, and every way worthy of their confidence and friends. Therefore,

Resolved, That, in presenting with our corps of

teachers, we regret the necessity that impels us to the separation.

Attest: J. C. AVILA, Clerk.

For Lieutenant Governor—James R. Slack, Senator from Huntington, and his brother counties, and the State of Indiana, as members of the Democratic Ticket, for Lieutenant Governor, in 1850. Mr. Slack is a first-class man, and would make an excellent presiding officer, of the State. He has been a member of the Legislature a number of years, and his legislative experience renders him capable of presiding with great efficiency.

We could vote for him with a good grace, sure—*Terre Haute Journal*.

James H. Stewart, Esq.—We are pleased to learn that you are a candidate for the office of the State, that this gentleman is a candidate for nomination for the office of Supreme Clerk. Let us hope, as he does in the adjoining county of Carroll, more known better than we do his worth and strength of character. His long services in the Democratic party, his fidelity to the principles of his uniting energy, and his great business ability, render him eminently fit and proper for the position mentioned. An experience of a quarter of a century in the office of Clerk of the Court of his county, and a diligent discharge of his duties, repeated elections to the office by the prominent men of the county, and his having served, testify to his honesty and capacity in emphatic terms. As a politician his principles are well known, he is honest in their avowal—so his opponents can complain of no unfair concealment.

His acquaintance in Northern Indiana is very extensive, and his name upon the State ticket will give it a "prestige" of success not to be mistaken.

We earnestly hope he may be the nominee—if he is, the Democracy of Indiana will make his election sure. *White Co. Dem.*

Great Hard Storm on the Reserve—*Destruction of Glass and Craps*.—We learn from the Cleveland Herald that on Friday last a hard storm passed over the town of Hudson and an adjoining section of the Medina County, extending a mile in width, which destroyed all the wheat and rye, which had been left by the frost, and knocked out some 13,000 panes of glass! The storm occurred at three o'clock P. M., and lasted at least five minutes. From College Hill, the wind was white as a snow storm, and the lightning in drifts, dashes, and near buildings. The storm came from the southwest, and was accompanied by terrific wind, which whirled up branches of trees, hurling them to the ground, and even into the college room, through each riddled of its glass. Two thousand panes of glass are broken in the college building—one room having eighty panes had fourteen left whole, and the students could not shut the blinds, for it was no time to stick their heads out of the windows.

The same storm was felt here, and did some trifling damage to the growing crops in certain localities, but nothing serious.

Arrival of the Bremen.

SANDY Hook, June 26.—The Steam ship Bremen passed here this evening from Bremen, with Liverpool dates to Wednesday, the 15th inst., four days later than those by the Persian.

The British Ministry has resigned in consequence of the want of confidence and resolution in the House of Commons.

Lord Palmerston is the new Premier, and Lord Granville Secretary of foreign affairs.

Great Britain—Parliament had reassembled, but Lord Palmerston postponed the presentation of his program for the present.

Seat of War—Gen. Granville had been superseded in his command by Gen. Schuck, commander of the fourth military district.

The death of Prince Metternich is announced.

Great Britain—Lord Granville was first summoned by the Queen, but could not form a ministry. It seems that the Cabinet assembled on Saturday, and determined to place their resignation in the hands of the Queen, which was done, and formal notice given to the Queen by Lord Derby, at a meeting of the Ministers.

The last intelligence from the seat of war is that the Austrians have evacuated Placentia, Pavia, L. B. & Reggio, and Amantea.

The cabinet and fortifications at Placentia were first blown up.

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The cabinet and fortifications at

COMMERCIAL.
Port Wayne, Saturday, July 2.
Wheat is still declining. White 1 20; Red 1 15. Flour keeps up to 7 50 a 8 00.
Corn 65 a 70; Buckwheat 50 a 62; Oats, 30 a 40; Barley 60 a 65; Rye 75; Beans 1 00 a 1 25; Potatoes 1 00 —; Sweet—; Onions 75 a 1 25; Butter 10 a 10 —; Cheese 7; Eggs 10; Salt 2 00; Bacon 9 a 10; Lard 10; Ham 9 11; Pork 85 a 6 00; Beef 4 a 5; Flaxseed 1 25; Clover 3 00 a 3 50; Timothy 1 00 —; Apples, green, 2 00 a 2 50; dry, 2 50 a 3 00; Wool, common, 25 a 30; fine, 35 a 40; white fish h. bbl 4 50.

Pay no further than Toledo.
CHEAPEST FARE YET!

Ward's Opposition Steamboat Line!

The last-sailing Upper Cabin
Steamer, "Ward's Opposition".

FORESTER,
Capt. C. C. Bunting, | Capt. H. Fish,
For Buffalo.

Connecting with trains for Niagara Falls and all points west.

The fare by this line will be kept at *One half* what is charged by railroads, or any competitor line if side-wheel steamers, no matter how cheap the two latter may be.

SHAVING SALOON.
Under the Hedekin House.

C. STINE.

HIS room is in the above convenient location, where he will be happy to wait on his old friends and the public in general.

Shaving, Hair Dressing, Shampooing &c., speedily and skilfully performed; and having thoroughly learned the art in the city of Boston, will make no mistake.

WIGS, TOUPEES,

All kinds of HAIR, BLACK, DARK, NO.

& DRESSING & REPAIRING, etc., attended to.

A separate apartment for the convenience of LADIES wishing their Hair dressed.

July 21, 1859. — \$1.

DONETTI & WOOD'S

GREAT BURLESQUE CIRCUS

Pantomime & Acrobatic Troupe!

COMPOSED OF

DOGS, MONKEYS & GOATS!

Forty Great Artists!

Will a year.

At Colericks Hall!

ON THURSDAY, FRIDAY, & SATURDAY

Eves. July 7th, 8th, and 9th, 1859.

Also Grand Performing on SATURDAY

AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the ac-

commodation of those who cannot at-

tend the Evening Performances.

FIVE EUROPEAN,

FIVE SPANISH,

Coin Box,

Sir John Bull,

Madame Batavia,

Mme. Bonaparte,

Signor Cisteri,

LIVE FRENCH,

Mon. B. Azulian,

Madame Pompard,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE AMERICAN,

Miss Elizabeth,

Miss M. Vining,

Miss Watson,

Miss Woodward,

Miss Young,

FIVE ITALIAN,

Signor Costanzo,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE GERMAN,

Horst Von Post,

Horst Zemper,

Horst Borch,

Horst Borch,

FIVE BRITISH,

Signor Caputo,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE SCOTTISH,

Wm. B. B. Leslie,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE CHINESE,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE RUSSIAN,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE AUSTRIAN,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE BELGIAN,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE SWISS,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE DANISH,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE IRISH,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE PORTUGUESE,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE GREEK,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE HUNGARIAN,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE ROMANIAN,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE POLISH,

Signor Cutha,

Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE RUSSIAN,

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Signor D'Amico,

Signor Mario,

Signor Custeri,

FIVE ROMANIAN,

LATEST NEWS!
Reported expressly for CARRIER & WEHMER,
by the Telegraph Line *The Rumor*.

END OF THE WAR IN PALESTINE!

Jerusalem Bombardeed and Taken
By the French and Germans!

CARRIER & WEHMER,
Wholesale Liquor Dealers,
63 Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

HAVE just received the largest
and most complete assortment
of the following articles, which they are
ready to sell at lower figures than
any house in the State.
Brandy.
1 Chancery Brandy.
2 French do.
3 Cognac do. of Rasteau de S. Lazarus,
Pinet Castillon, and Ouard Dupuy.
4 Cognac do.
5 Dom Pérignon do.
6 Cherry do.
7 Amaretto do.
Gin—Schiedam Shoppes.

Cordials.
Bordcaze.
Anisette.
Maraschino.
Curacao.
Absinthe.
Brandy Fruits

Whiskey— Rye Whiskey. M-nongala. Bourbon.

High Life.
Claret, Rhine.

Champagne. Madeira.

Muscat. Sherry. Catawba.

Port. Malaga.

Rum—Jamaica. Santa Cruz. Batavia.

AGENTS for the sale of Hostetter's celebrated

Stomach Bitters, and also for Green's Aromatic

Balsam.

Also a large assortment of imported and domestic

CIGARS, SARDINES, &c., &c.

May 23, 1859.

No. 95 Columbia Street.

Wines.

Port Wine.

Sherry Wine.

Champagne.

Port Wine.

Port Wine.</

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

VOL. 20. NO. 1.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets,
Third Story, opposite P. Kier.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars
Postage, at the end of Six Months; or Three
Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrangements are paid
up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisers will receive One Dollar per Square
Foot, for the first three weeks, and half that
rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by
the year.

JOB PRINTING.

Executed with unusual accuracy and dispatch, and
on the most reasonable terms.

General Insurance Agency,

JOHN H. ROUGH, Jr.,

Eliza Fire & Mar. Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital \$500,000.

MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.,

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital \$1,000,000.

STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.,

Ogdensburg, N.Y.—Capital \$100,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid
in, and have complied with all the conditions of the
late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insur-
ance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to
the insured.

JOHN ROUGH, Jr.,

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851.

y17.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

JOHN J. GLENN,

Attorney-at-Law,

FORT WAYNE, Ind.

Offices on Calhoun street, over J. C. Evans' Store.

W. M. COOMBS & JONES,

Attorneys-at-Law

FORT WAYNE, Ind.

Will give prompt attention to all business en-
trusted to them in way of the Courts of the

State.

June 1st, 1851.

19

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at
Law, 100 Calhoun Street, under
the Seal of the State.

W. M. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor
at Law, 100 Calhoun street, one door south of P.
Kier's second story.

J. F. R. DALY, Attorney and Counsellor
at Law, and Mason in U.S. Army.

Brown—Clinton street, two doors south of H.
Galeck's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and
Counselor at Law, will attend to the Collec-
tion, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, or payment
of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and executors
of estates of any part of Indiana.

Office—Corner of Calhoun and Calhoun streets, under
the Seal of the State.

THOMAS MEEGAN

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Can be seen at the Attorney's Office,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

PARTICULAR attention given to the sale and
purchase of Real Estate, and in the execution
of Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, &c., and all official
and commercial papers.

May 21, 1851.

44

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. CHARLES E. STURGIS,

Discontinued the practice of Medicine.

Offices—Ninth Drug Store, Keating on Main St.,
Dillingham on Henry St., opposite the Hamilton Hotel.

Feb. 11, 1851.

y33

W. D. STEWART

Will respectfully inform the citizens of

F. W. Way. That he has returned
to his country and vicinity that Fort Wayne, where
he had been located, and is now in the city of

Washington, D. C., and is now engaged in
the practice of Medicine.

Office—Calhoun street, two doors south of H.
Galeck's Brick Store.

For the benefit of the public.

May 21, 1851.

45

DR. M. G. FAITH Y.

Discontinued his professional services to the citizens of

F. W. Way. He may be found at the office of

Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of

Galeck's Brick Store, at all times when not professionally

engaged.

I. KNAPP, M. D.,

Surgeon-Dentist,

Office—Bank Branch Buildings,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

D. R. Knapp has facilities for
promptly extracting teeth in
full or partial dentures. His new style
of dental and double buckles are
universally adopted, and are
valued in strength and beauty of

finish.

Tooth filled with care and fidelity.

All work guaranteed.

Acknowledgments are due to friends to whom
the reader is referred below.

I have lately examined teeth for
several men, who were successfully treated by Dr. Knapp, and am confident that, in
his hands, they will be well treated.

He has conducted by Dr. Knapp, of large experience
more than three years practice.

GRAS. E. STURGIS, M. D.

Having availed ourselves of Dr. Knapp's Profes-
sional services, and seen the results, we
cordially concur in the high estimation.

O. SCHMITZ, M. D.

H. W. WEILMUTH, M. D.

B. D. DICKMAN, M. D.

W. H. HODGES, M. D.

C. M. MICHNAHAN, M. D.

J. H. MYERS, M. D.

F. M. LEONARD, M. D.

Having employed Dr. Knapp in my family, and
with his practice in other families, I take pleasure in recommending him to all who
may require dental operations.

W. H. AVIRES, M. D.

Fort Wayne June 15th, 1851.

46

DENTISTRY.

DR. MAWSON & HALLIWELL,

Surgeon-Dentists,

Office—Corner Main & Calhoun Streets, above
the Dry Goods Store.

Fort Wayne June 25, 1851.

47

RAILROAD NOTICE.



**THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO
RAILROAD COMPANY**

WITH its ample rolling stock and equipment,
is prepared to transport Passengers and
Freight from

Philadelphia & Pittsburgh to Chicago,

ST. LOUIS, INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI,

And all places West and South-West;

With a great degree of regularity and expedition.

The fact that road forms a direct and con-
solidated line between Pittsburgh and Chicago, is a sufficient guarantee that its trains will make
and connections with trains on either side.

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SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1869.

(For Sale, a Certificate of Scholarship in
British's Mercantile Institute. Enquire at
this office.)

1618

The Foreign News this week is highly interesting, as showing that the Austrians have been thoroughly defeated, and all but driven out of Italy. They are retreating in all directions and concentrating their forces within the line of several strong fortresses they still hold near the frontier. A great battle is momentarily expected, when if the Austrians be again defeated, and driven from their last stronghold, Italy will be free, and we hope never again curbed by the presence of a single Austrian regiment.

In England a change in the ministry has been effected which will have an important bearing on the affairs of the continent. The Derby Administration had a strong leaning towards Austria, and with truest instinct were dubious of upholding the divine rights of kings, and the balance of power. The popular feeling in England has driven them from office, and will make an entire change in the foreign policy of the government. Lord Palmerston and Russell, and the now fallen, are warm friends of Italian freedom, and will lend no aid or countenance to Austria in seeking to perpetuate her power in that peninsula. The end may not be yet; but we feel assured that Italy is destined to be free, and Austrian domination will shortly be confined within its legitimate bounds on German Territory.

The Piedmontese Question remains at a dead lock. The commissioners are firm in their integrity, and refuse to be coerced into surrendering their legitimate duties, or obeying the arbitrary assumption of power on the part of Gorilliard. The latter has not yet returned to assist in his official acts, and probably begins to discover that he has made a slight mistake, and that the Governor of Indiana is not vested with quite as unlimited powers as the Case of all the Russias or the King of Asturias. He had better break down gracefully and surrender the point, or he will be in a fair way of digging his political grave, and that so deep that he will be beyond reach of resurrection.

The State Sentinel urges that as there seems to be a difficulty in determining on a northern location, it would be advisable to settle down in Indianapolis as the spot. Of course. We have expected this from the first, and are truly astonished that the claim has not been put in before. The state has done so much towards building up that interesting city, that its modest citizens think they have a claim—evident right—to every dollar of public money expended. They have got every thing else, and therefore ought to have the penitentiary. We do not exactly agree with them, but are willing to compromise. We propose that the penitentiary shall be here, and that a certain number of the best cells shall be reserved for citizens of the capital,—many of whom doubtless are richly deserving the honor.

To locate the Penitentiary at Indianapolis would be a gross violation of the spirit and intent of the law. The design was to place it in the northern part of the state, as there already is one in the southern. To talk of placing it at Indianapolis, the centre of the state, on the shadowy pretext that this is the fairest part of that city is of the National Road, is a good specimen of impudent and subtile assurance whereby the place from which it emanates.

We have received a copy of a large bill, printed in Cleveland, relating to the District Agricultural Fair to be held at Kendallville, on the 5th, 6th, and 7th October next, also the Premium List, with a modest request that we publish it gratuitously. We do not know how this matter is looked upon by the officers of the fair; but it appears to us that as they have thought proper to go out of the district and send their money to Cleveland to have their printing done, it would be right for them to have their premium list published by the same parties. Perhaps they would do it for nothing. As we understand the matter, one object of these fairs is evidently to encourage and stimulate domestic interests, and it seems rather a strange way of doing it, for the officers of the association to send their money out of the State for work that could be done here, and then ask no reward for them for nothing.

Opposition to Railroad Abolition.—Captain Ward of Detroit, has established a line of steamboats from Toledo to Sandusky, Cleveland and Buffalo, leaving Toledo every evening, to the arrival of the Wabash Wheelbarrow train, and arriving in Buffalo next morning in time for the early morning trains. The fare is about one half of what is charged on the railroads. An effort has been made by the railroads to break up this line. Two of the splendid Michigan Southern boats have been put in competition, leaving Cleveland at the same time as Ward's boats, and reducing the fare. But he is not the man to be trifled with, and has made a corresponding reduction. The public will sustain his enterprise, and his boats are well filled with passengers, while his opponents do not get half enough to pay expenses.

This is a most delightful route, besides being the cheapest. Nothing can be more refreshing and invigorating to the languid and weary railroad passenger, than to change the hot and dusty air for the roomy and pleasant steamer, and breathe the fresh and pure lake breezes; having at the same time room to stretch his cramped limbs, excellent meals and time to eat them, and a good night's sleep in the roomy berths of the boat. We should think that every passenger for the east, would take the steamer, enjoy the lake trip and be refreshed and strengthened to complete his journey.

We refer the travelling community to the advertisement of Ward's Opposition Line, in another column.

The Kansas Election.—Although the return of the late election of delegates to a constitutional convention in Kansas to be held at Wyandotte in the early part of next month do not sufficiently full to enable us to determine whether the democrats or the black republicans have a majority in the convention, enough has been ascertained to prove conclusively that black republicanism has virtually sustained a crushing defeat, and that in some of its former strongholds it has been completely dislodged and routed. It is certain that Messrs. Parke, Ewing, and other prominent black republicans who had acquired an unenviable notoriety by their criminal tendencies to the traitorous interests of Sharpe's rifles abolitionists, have been ignominiously defeated in their own districts, and that, if the democrats have not elected a majority of the delegates, their opponents' majority will be very trifling.

We believe that outside of the republican party, whose interest it was to foment discord and rebellion in Kansas, and who strove so long, and with such lamentable success, by the use of violence and fraud of every description, to overthrow popular government in that territory in order to promote their own selfish and lawless ends—every intelligent, patriotic, peace loving citizen in the entire Union will rejoice that the officers of Kansas have thus triumphantly as-

serted their power to manage their own affairs in a lawful and constitutional manner, and that they have thus indignantly rebuked and defeated those political knaves to whose sinister counsels their past troubles are solely attributable. Peace and justice will prevail for a time, but truth and justice will triumph in the end.

Forward or Back.—The 83d Anniversary of our National Independence will be celebrated here, in a grand style, with considerable spirit, by the Odd Fellows. A large number of invited brethren with their families are expected here, and the citizens are cordially invited to participate. The procession will be formed at 11 o'clock, and march through the principal streets to the Fair Ground, where the exercises will be held. The Alert Hook & Ladder Co., and Wabash Fire Co. in uniform and equipped as military, will take part in the procession. The exercises will consist of music by Off's Band, Prayer by Rev. Mr. Collier, Reading Declaration of Independence by Dr. Brooks, Oration by Newton Booth, Esq., of Terre Haute, Ode by the Odd Fellows, and Prayer by Rev. Mr. Battin.

A sumptuous dinner will be furnished by E. C. Coker, whose high reputation as a caterer is a safe guarantee that it will be worthy the occasion. Tickets, \$1.00 each, can be had at Drake's Reading Room, the Book Stores, and other places.

A substantial foot bridge will be erected across the river at Swain's Ford, leading directly to the fair ground.

Mechanics Fire Co. No. 2, also, will celebrate the day in an appropriate manner. They will

arrive in procession, accompanied by the St. Patrick's and St. Joseph's School Societies and the St. Patrick's Band, and march to the Oak Grove, where addresses will be made by Hon. G. C. Case, W. S. Smith, and others. A grand dinner will be provided, and abundance of refreshments will be given.

Tickets, \$1.00 each, can be had at Drake's Reading Room, the Book Stores, and other places.

This number commences a new volume of the Sentinel, and we embrace the opportunity to remind many of our subscribers that they are getting far in arrears with their subscriptions, leaving us much embarrassed to carry on business without money. Our expenses are heavy and have to be met with cash, and yet have few

seem to think that a printer has any right for money.

We assure them they have a very mi-

ghtful idea of this matter. In fact, we need

what is owing at this time very much indeed, and therefore we call on our literary friends to come forward and pay up without further delay.

Balloon Trip from St. Louis to New York.—Prof. Wise and La Mountain left St. Louis in their mammoth balloon last evening, for New York, and another balloon was also started with the view of accompanying them a short distance back past St. Louis and the other at 5 o'clock. One passed a little to the north, and the other directly over St. Louis, while the two others were going in a eastern direction.

We learn that one passed around, O., at 7 o'clock—a distance of about 100 miles, and in the direct line for New York. The prospect appears fair that the daring aeronauts will accomplish their hazardous undertaking and reach New York this evening.

The Crop.—Harvest is now at hand, and the renters have commenced gathering in the rich golden grain. Next week the cutting of wheat will be general. We are gratified to learn that the crop is excellent. The ears are large and well filled, and the grain plump and full. Corn looks promising, the present warm weather is helping it along, and the prospect is that the present season will yield the industrial husbandman a rich reward for his labors.

Dr. Williams' Magnificent Art.—Great Salmon & Confectionery will be opened to-night, and their friends and the public are cordially invited to attend the inauguration, and to enliven the scene. Their printing done, it would be right for them to have their premium list published by the same parties. Perhaps they would do it for nothing. As we understand the matter, one object of these fairs is evidently to encourage and stimulate domestic interests, and it seems rather a strange way of doing it, for the officers of the association to send their money out of the State for work that could be done here, and then ask no reward for them for nothing.

The Trained Dogs and Monkeys.—By reference to our advertising column, and bills posted about the streets, it will be seen that Sager Doughty's and Colonial Wool's celebrated Menagerie Circus Troop, will make their first appearance on Thursday evening, and remain for the balance of the week.

An entertainment will be given on Saturday afternoon, for the accommodation of the little girls, and those residing at a distance, who can not make it convenient to attend at night. This will afford our country friends an excellent opportunity of witnessing the famous "show," that has ever visited this part of the country.

The racing is about 25 feet deep and from 75 to 100 ft. wide. The night was very dark, and there was a car in the road just before the embankment spanning a ravine, at the base of which is a salient. The embankment suddenly gave way, and the whole train was precipitated into the ravine, which was followed with a perfect torrent of water.

The engin was literally buried in the opposite side of the ravine in quicksand and mud, and the tender, baggage, and express car, and second class cars, were shattered almost to kindling wood, and piled on top of the engine.

The two first class passenger cars followed, and were torn to pieces and carried down the stream, while the sleeping car, although making the leap with the rest, was injured.

The stream is naturally but a ravel, but was swollen by the extraordinary rains of the previous afternoon and evening. Flood wood probably check'd the outbreak, converting the embankment into a dam, and the great weight of water, and the consequent inundation, caused the engin to burst.

About 100 persons were on the train, of these 29 have been taken from the sunken and 50 or more were wounded, or escaped unhurt, the rest not heard from, as many of the dead were denoted in the ravine. It is feared that other lost heart, have left their fires in the same manner.

Mr. Ross, the President of the road, and Mr. Heath Subby, one of the Directors, were in the sleeping car and escaped uninjured. The engineer and fireman, both named Ulph, of Liverpool, were killed; Hartwell, of Toledo, expressman, and Balding, baggage master, were also killed in the baggage car.

The engine was carried down the stream towards the river, but lodged in a trap top, and headed several feet by leaping for help.

The Engineer had been running over the bridges from Laporte each way carefully.

The train was not running faster than twenty miles per hour, when going West, and passed over the embankment safely at 8 P.M.

The U.S. Engineers and Surveyors were in their traps, which hung by ropes to trees, and carried them along with them.

The men were all taken off, and the engine was secured to a tree, and the men were sent to the rear, to be sent to the hospital.

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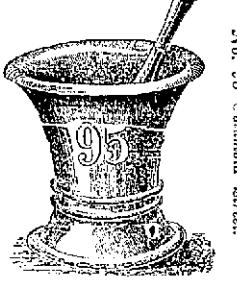
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